

Charges in Nonlinear Higher-Spin Theory

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Outline

- Nonlinear HS theory
- AdS_4 charges
- Black Holes in HS Theory
- HS BH Charges

Nonlinear HS Equations

- Nonlinear HS theory is described by Vasiliev equations [Vasiliev' 92] – generating equations on HS fields, described by spacetime 1-forms $\omega(Y|x)$ and 0-forms $C(Y|x)$, polynomial in $sp(4)$ -spinors Y^A ;
- HS equations have schematic form

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{R} &:= d\omega + \omega * \omega = \Upsilon(\omega, \omega, C) + \Upsilon(\omega, \omega, C, C) + \dots \\ dC + [\omega, C]_* &= \Upsilon(\omega, C, C) + \dots\end{aligned}$$

where vertices $\Upsilon(\dots)$ have to be determined from Vasiliev equations.

- $sp(4)$ -spinors Y^A form HS algebra with following product:

$$f(Y) * g(Y) = \int d^4U d^4V \exp\{iU_A V^A\} f(Y + U) g(y + V)$$

$$[Y^A, Y^B]_* = 2i\epsilon^{AB},$$

$$\text{tr} f(Y) := f(0); \quad \text{tr}(f * g) = \text{tr}(g * f).$$

AdS₄ vacuum

- Vacuum:

$$C = 0, \quad d\Omega + \Omega * \Omega = 0.$$

- Symmetries:

$$\delta\Omega = d\epsilon + [\Omega, \epsilon]_*;$$

$$D_0\epsilon := d\epsilon + [\Omega_0, \epsilon]_* = 0$$

– leftover global symmetries for fixed Ω_0 .

- Natural choice is *AdS*₄-connection ($so(3, 2) \approx sp(4)$)

$$\Omega_0 = \Omega_0^{AB} Y_A Y_B := \frac{i}{4} \left(\omega_L^{\alpha\beta} y_\alpha y_\beta + \bar{\omega}_L^{\dot{\alpha}\dot{\beta}} \bar{y}_{\dot{\alpha}} \bar{y}_{\dot{\beta}} + 2\lambda e^{\alpha\beta} y_\alpha \bar{y}_{\dot{\beta}} \right),$$

$$D_0(K^{AB} Y_A Y_B) = 0;$$

$K^{AB}(x)$ – usual Killing vector along with its covariant derivative.

Physical and topological HS fields

- Perturbative expansion over AdS_4 background results in two different representations for HS fields:

- adjoint representation

$$D_0 f(Y|x) = df + [\omega_L + \mathbf{e}, f]_* ;$$

- twisted-adjoint representation

$$\tilde{D}_0 f(Y|x) = df + [\omega_L, f]_* + \{\mathbf{e}, f\}_* ;$$

- This leads at the free level to the splitting into topological and physical sectors:

- physical

$$\tilde{D}_0 C^{phys} = 0 ;$$

- topological

$$D_0 C^{top} = 0 ;$$

- At the interaction level sectors become entangled.

AdS₄ asymptotic charges

- GR asympt. charge for AdS-space [Ashtekar, Das '99]:

$$Q = \text{const} \cdot \oint_C \mathcal{E}_{ab} \xi^a dS^b,$$

ξ^a – asympt. symm. parameter, \mathcal{E}_{ab} – 'electric' part of Weyl tensor.

- Analogous construction can be built in HS theory. From $\mathcal{R} := d\omega + \omega * \omega$ it follows

$$D\mathcal{R} := d\mathcal{R} + [\omega, \mathcal{R}]_* = 0.$$

- If asymptotically ($x_z \rightarrow 0$)

$$\omega(Y|x) \rightarrow \Omega_0, \quad C(Y|x) \rightarrow 0, \quad D\epsilon \rightarrow D_0\epsilon = 0,$$

$$J_\epsilon := \text{tr}(\epsilon * \mathcal{R}), \quad dJ_\epsilon \rightarrow 0.$$

$$Q_\epsilon = \int_{\Sigma^2} J_\epsilon$$

– asymptotically conserved HS charge.

AdS₄ HS charges

- Nonlinear HS theory allows a completion of the asympt. charge to the bulk:

$$D_0 \epsilon = 0$$

holds at the free level for topological fields $\epsilon = C^{top}$.

- In higher orders C^{top} get nonlinear corrections and source phys. fields:

$$DC^{top} = \Upsilon(\omega, C^{top}, C^{top}) + \Upsilon(\omega, C, C) + \dots$$

$$\mathcal{R} := d\omega + \omega * \omega = \Upsilon(\omega, \omega, C, C^{top}) + \dots$$

- This permits to define

$$J := \text{tr}(\mathcal{R}), \quad Q := \int_{\Sigma^2} J,$$

and to treat

$$\mathcal{Z} := \exp \left\{ - \int_{\Sigma^2} J(C^{top}) \right\}$$

as a partition and C^{top} as chemical potentials conjugated to HS charges.

HS AdS₄ Black Holes

- BH metric in Kerr-Schild form [[Carter '68](#)]

$$g_{mn} = g_{mn}^{AdS} + \frac{2M}{r} k_m k_n.$$

- Kerr-Schild vectors k_m :

$$k_m k^m = 0, \quad k_n D_0^n k_m = 0, \quad \frac{1}{r} = -\frac{1}{2} D_0^m k_m.$$

- HS generalisation [[Didenko, Matveev, Vasiliev '08](#)]:

$$\phi_{m_1 \dots m_s} = \frac{2M}{r} k_{m_1} \dots k_{m_s}$$

obeys free spin-s equation in AdS .

HS AdS₄ Black Holes

- $k_m = k_m(K_{AB})$ – generic AdS₄ BH is completely determined by global symmetry K_{AB} of empty AdS₄ [Didenko, Matveev, Vasiliev '08, '09]
- HS BH Weyl tensors [Didenko, Vasiliev '09]:

$$C_{\alpha(2s)} = \frac{m_s \lambda^{-2s}}{s! 2^s q^{2s+1}} (K_{\alpha\alpha})^s \quad \bar{C}_{\dot{\alpha}(2s)} = \frac{\bar{m}_s \lambda^{-2s}}{s! 2^s \bar{q}^{2s+1}} (\bar{K}_{\dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}})^s,$$

$$q = 2^{-3/2} \lambda^{-2} \sqrt{-K_{\alpha\beta} K^{\alpha\beta}}.$$

- Kerr-like HS BH is generated by $\frac{\partial}{\partial t} = (1, 0, 0, 0)$ in AdS₄ Boyer-Lindquist metric with rotation parameter a .

Charge for Kerr-like HS BH

- Free equations generate linear vacuum partition:

$$D_0\omega(y, \bar{y}|x) = -\frac{i\eta}{4} e_{\beta}^{\dot{\alpha}} e^{\beta\dot{\alpha}} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \bar{y}^{\dot{\alpha}} \partial \bar{y}^{\dot{\alpha}}} C(0, \bar{y}|x) - \frac{i\bar{\eta}}{4} e^{\alpha}_{\dot{\beta}} e^{\alpha\dot{\beta}} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^{\alpha} \partial y^{\alpha}} C(y, 0|x)$$

- To the vacuum partition at the free level only spin-1 contributes:

$$J^0 = -\frac{i\eta}{4} e_{\beta}^{\dot{\alpha}} e^{\beta\dot{\alpha}} C_{\dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}}(x) - \frac{i\bar{\eta}}{4} e^{\alpha}_{\dot{\beta}} e^{\alpha\dot{\beta}} C_{\alpha\alpha}(x)$$

$$Q^0 = 4\pi \frac{m_1 \bar{\eta} - \bar{m}_1 \eta}{1 + \Lambda \sigma^2}.$$

First order topological contribution

- First order corrections:

$$D_0\omega(y, \bar{y}|x) = -\frac{i}{4} \left(\mu e_{\beta}{}^{\dot{\alpha}} e^{\beta\dot{\alpha}} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \bar{y}^{\dot{\alpha}} \partial \bar{y}^{\dot{\alpha}}} \{C, C^{top}\}_*(0, \bar{y}|x) + h.c. \right)$$

- Spin-2 sector

$$C^{top} = K_{AB}(x) Y^A Y^B, \quad D_0 C^{top} = 0,$$

contribution to spin-2 charge is

$$J_{s=2}^1 = -\frac{i\mu}{2} e_{\beta}{}^{\dot{\alpha}} e^{\beta\dot{\alpha}} \bar{K}^{\dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}} C_{\dot{\alpha}(4)}(x) + h.c.$$

$$Q_{s=2}^1 = 3\pi\Lambda \frac{m_2 \bar{\mu} - \bar{m}_2 \mu}{1 + \Lambda a^2}.$$

Conclusion

- A generalisation of Ashtekar-Das asymptotic charge for HS theory is proposed, allowing a nonlinear bulk completion;
- From thermodynamical perspective, topological fields play a role of chemical potentials in HS partition;
- Free vacuum contribution to the partition is calculated, agreed with ADM-like behaviour;
- Possible relations to the BH entropy and information paradox?